# Advancing Man-Machine Interfaces Through Embedded Force Measurement Technology

### Jane Kamentser



8/27/2004

# **Man-Machine Interface Requirements**

- Electronically controlled interfaces and control-by-wire becoming standard in most military applications
- Military applications require precision not needed in industrial and commercial applications
- Robustness and survivability requirements in military applications are contrary to the low cost approach requirements of industrial and commercial interface product lines.
- Reliability requirements present in military applications are significantly higher then even the most "high rel." industrial applications

8/27/2004

.

.

### Military Man-Machine Interface

- Control of high precision optics computer inputs for precision optics and fire control systems
- Computer input for mobile computing and communications systems
- · Submersible electronics inputs.
- Fly-by-wire



8/27/2004

# **Three District Approaches**

- Position Proportional
- Force Proportional
- Non-proportional



8/27/2004

### **Position Proportional Approach**

#### Advantages

- Easier for untrained people to use
- More intuitive
- Has easily definable end conditions

#### Disadvantages

- Requires extra space for movement of handle
- More complex internal mechanism
- More prone to wear and degradation in conventional joysticks
- Lower precision



8/27/2004

# **Force Proportional Approach**

#### Advantages

- Highly precise
- Smaller Space requirements in system
- Less complexity in input device
- Higher reliability

#### Disadvantages

- Not intuitive for untrained operators
- Over-force potential



8/27/2004

### **Non-Proportional Approach**

#### Advantages

- Low Cost
- No over-force protection required

#### Disadvantages

- Can only control on-off functionality
- Switches are unreliable
- No precision



8/27/2004

# Industrial Approaches to Man-Machine Interface

#### Standard Position Proportional Solutions

- Potentiometer based joysticks
- Optical joysticks and input devices
- Hall-effect input devices
- Industrial high-rel switches

#### Force Proportional Solutions

- Strain Gages based systems

#### Non-Proportional

- Switches are activated when levers are moved



### **Conventional Man-Machine Interface Solutions**

Technology	Advantages	Disadvantages
Potentiometers	Industrial versions available in low cost packages (military versions extremely expensive)     Position Proportional	Poor reliability     Require complex internal mechanisms     Prone to damage due to environments and dirt     Moving/rubbing parts wear easily     Low Life     Military and high reliability devices extremely expensive
Optical	Low Cost     Position Proportional	Required complex internal mechanism     Prone to damage due to environments and dirt     Low life
Hall-effect	Extremely Low Cost     Position Proportional	Extremely susceptible to EMI
Switches	Low Cost	No position proportional options available     Noisy     Prone to damage due to environments and dirt     Low life     Poor reliability
Conventional strain gages	Force proportional     No moving parts     Increased reliability over other technologies listed	High cost of strain gage application Limited configurations Cross-talk Not time or temperature stable Susceptible to noise No position proportional options available

8/27/2004

# The Bokam Approach

Adapt High Reliability Sensor Technology to Input Devices to create systems that:

- · High reliability and extreme live
- · Have no moving or rubbing parts that can wear over time
- Provide Both a force proportional and a position proportional configuration in the same basic package size
- Develop an input device product line based on building blocks that can be combined to solve the most obscure application requirements without substantial NRE effort
- · Create a cost sensitive product line.



Bokam

8/27/2004

.

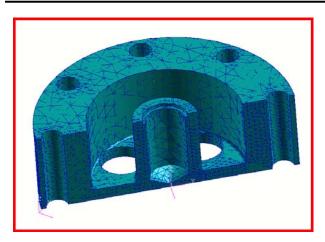
# The Base Technology

- Application and firing of strain sensitive materials directly into the diaphragm or substrate.
- Resulting element contains an imbedded set of strain gauges that do not rely on bond lines or epoxy for adherence to the substrate.
- ☐ Elements are deposited onto the substrate in a full whetstone bridge configuration.
- New proprietary processing techniques have been developed to allow for the deposition of strain gauge materials onto stainless steels and pincorrosion resistive steels while maintaining dielectric isolation between the gauge and the base material.
- Proprietary barrier creation materials and processes are used to limit ion migration and create extreme temp solder joints.



8/27/2004

## The Base Technology



Bokam
Engineering Inc.

Expanding
limits through innovati

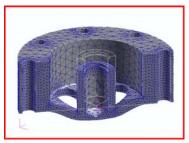
8/27/2004

12

(

# The Base Technology







8/27/2004

# The Base Technology Capabilities

- □ Un-amplified outputs of full bridge sensor with 10V applied can be as high as 150-200mV (with 100mV as typical output with high safety margin)
- □ Operating temperatures from cryogenic to 500F
- ☐ Output stable over time and temperature
- ☐ Technology and processes adaptable to low cost high volume OEM applications



8/27/2004

4

### The Bokam Approach - Notable Achievements

- ☐ Aurora product line named *EDN Magazine* Innovation of 1997 Finalist
- □ DX-300 Series of Sensors named Editors Choice for outstanding sensor development by *Electronic Products Magazine*
- ☐ DX-300 Series named EDN Magazine Innovation of the year for 1998
- ☐ DX-400 Series named Best of Sensors Show by Editors of Sensors Magazine for 1999
- □ DX-300M Series named in best 100 new products for 1998/1999 by leading European Medical Design Magazine
- ☐ The Smart Washer<sup>TM</sup> Named Best of Sensors Expo 2000
- Developed an engine embedded, production bearing thrust measurement system
- Developed a direct percent aeration, foam measurement and direct pump cavitation detection system and technology



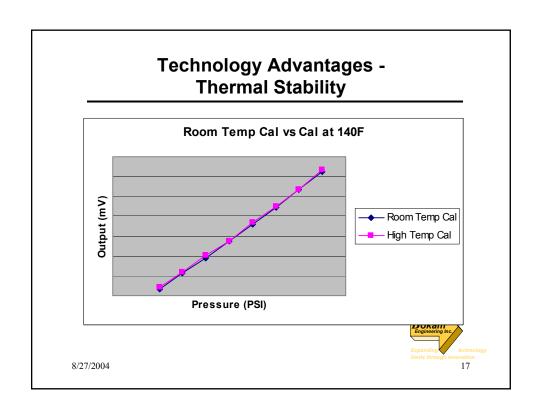
8/27/2004

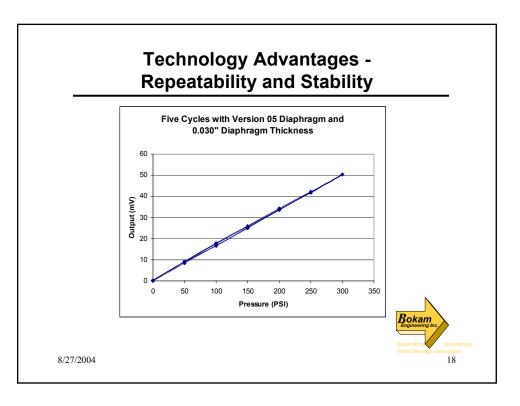
15

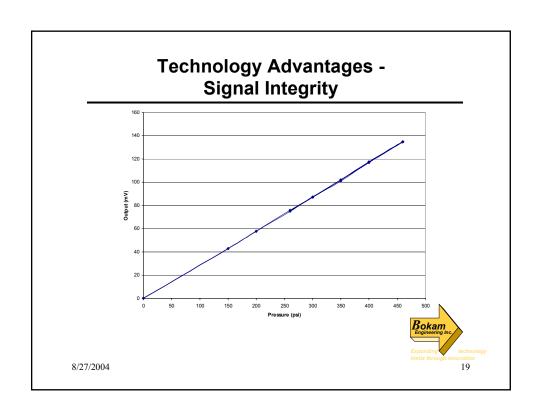
## **Technology Advantages**

- ☐ Strain measurement circuitry embedded in the steel or ceramic surface.
- No organic materials
- ☐ High gage factor and sensitivity
- ☐ Increased stability and reliability
- Increased survivability and life expectancy
- ☐ Process highly automated and repeatable
- ☐ Manufacturing processes lend themselves to high volume production

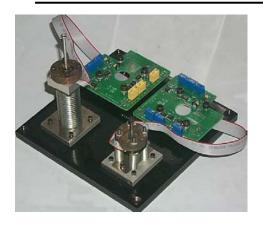






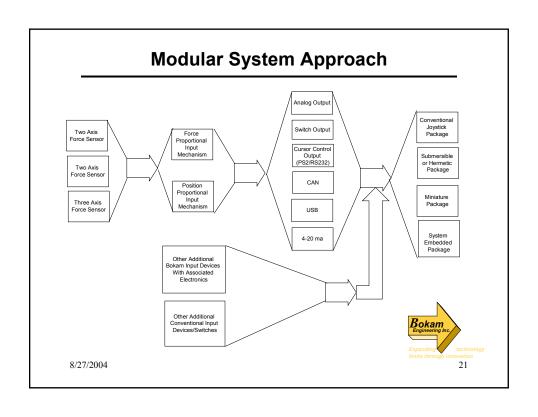


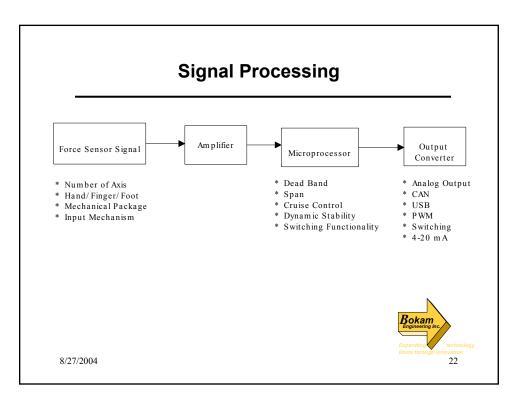




Addition of compliant elements to force sensor create a position proportional device without degradation in sensor configuration or performance



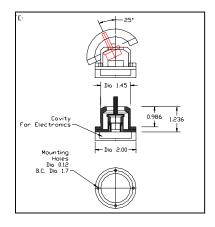


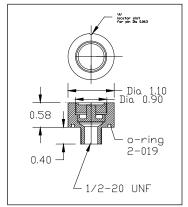






# **Products - Miniature Joysticks**







8/27/2004

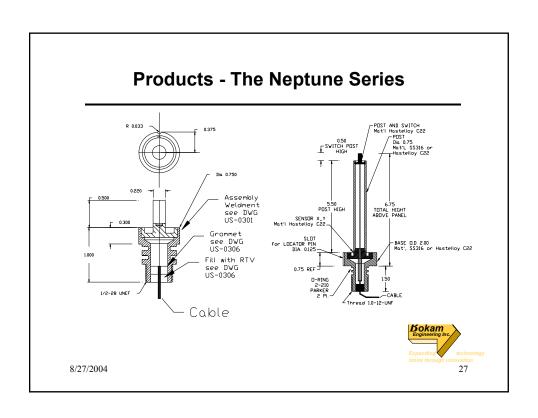
# **Products - The Neptune Series**



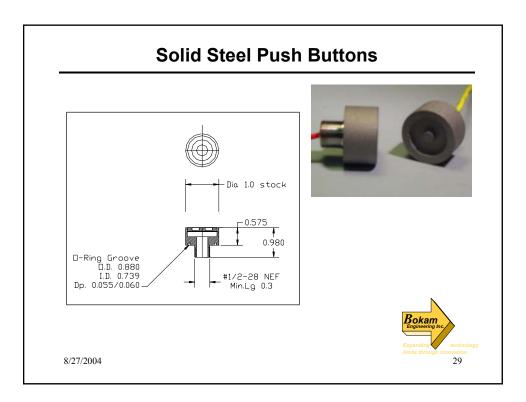


- ➤ Non-compliant Stiff Stick Interface
- ➤No contacting, rubbing or optical elements
- ➤ Non-magnetic construction to minimize system detection
- Fully submergible field tested and qualified by US NAVY for underwater use dive applications
- ➤ Embedded strain sensor technology allows for incredible reliability and long life at continuous operation in an abusive environments

26







# **Pedals and Foot Operated Controls**

- · Position Proportional
- · Force Sensor Based
- Redundant Springs
- Fail-to-off configuration
- Adaptable to standard pedals





### **Products - Embedded Systems**



8/27/2004

The Bokam Advantage

- · High Precision of movement
- High reliability and life in excess of 10,000,000 cycles
- · Resistance to environmental exposure
- Modular system configurations and interfaces
- Force and position proportional interfaces in the same package size
- · Diver proven devices
- Extensive Heritage of force sensors and input devices
- · Cost effective



31

8/27/2004

# **Applications**

- Diver Input Devices and Cursor Control
- Fire and guidance control
- Fly-by-wire
- Remote vehicle controls
- On-board vehicle controls

